## **CLASS: - 12, HISTORY NOTES, CHAPTER: - 10**

**DATE:- 6/06/21** 

## **Colonialism and the Countryside**

## **Key concepts in nutshell**

- <u>Bengal</u> Establishment of colonial rule New land revenue, Auction system under Warren Hastings 1793, Permanent Revenue settlement in Bengal by Lord Cornwallis.
- Crises in village economy, revenue demand of the state was fixed.
- <u>The rise of the Jotedars</u> their land was cultivated through share croppers.
- Resistance of Zamindars their land was auctioned frequently.
- The fifth report report submitted to British Parliament 1813.
- <u>The Hoe and the Plough –</u> Shifting agriculture, expensive of village economy.
- <u>Paharias</u> hunters, shifting cultivators, food gathers connected with forests, invaded settled farmers 1770.
- Santhals Settled in Bengal practiced cultivation land demarcated to them known as Daman-i-koh.
- Conflicts with unsettled paharias -1850 they resisted the British –
  Santhal revolt.
- Revolt in the Bombay and Deccan 1875.
- Burning of account book of moneylenders and shopkeepers.
- <u>New revenue System –</u> Ryotwari system in Bombay Deccan direct settlement, land assessed for 30 years subject to periodic revision.

## 1. The problem of unpaid revenue

- 1. In introducing the permanent settlement, the British hoped to resolve the problems they had been facing since the conquest of Bengal.
- 2. The rural economy in Bengal was in crisis with recurrent famines and declining agricultural output.
- 3. The problem lay in identifying individuals who could both improve agriculture and contract to pay the fixed revenue to the state.

- 4. The permanent settlement was made with the rajas and taluqdars of Bengal.
- 5. They were classified as Zamindars and had to pay the revenue that was fixed.
- 6. The Zamindar was not the landowner in the village, but a revenue collector of the state.
- 7. The zamindar collected rent from different villages, paid the revenue to the company, and retained the differences as his income.
- 8. He was expected to pay the Company regularly, failing which his estate could be auctioned.